



National Transportation Safety Board

Airplane Performance

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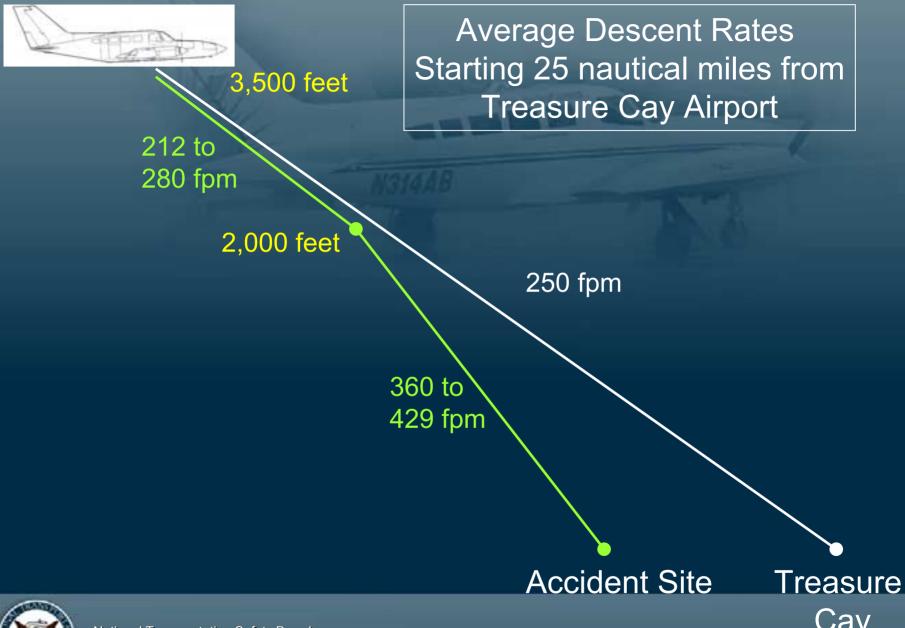
Single Engine Climb Performance

- Cessna climb rate information for the accident conditions:
 - airplane weight
 - outside air temperature
 - winds
 - altitude

+ 200 feet per minute (fpm)

Airplane Performance Data Available

- No radar, FDR, or CVR data
- Statements from pilot and Air Sunshine station manager
 - Point 1
 - Engine damage occurs at an altitude of 3,500 feet
 - About 20 to 25 nautical miles from Treasure Cay Airport
 - Airspeed reduced to 105 knots
 - Point 2
 - About 15 nautical miles from Treasure Cay Airport
 - 2,000 feet altitude
 - About 200 fpm descent rate
 - Airspeed reduced to 95 knots
 - Airplane wreckage was located about 7.35 nautical miles from Treasure Cay Airport



Cay

Factors Contributing to Descent Rate

- Rotating propeller (versus feathered): 400 fpm
- •Flaps extended to 15 degrees (versus flaps at 0 degrees): 165 to 145 fpm
- Cowl flap open on inoperative engine (versus closed): 9
 fpm
- Exposed magnetos (versus undamaged engine): 4 fpm

All of these factors combined would have contributed between 558 and 578 feet per minute to the descent rate.

Factors Contributing to Descent Rate

- Other operational factors:
 - Operating in nonsteady descent
 - Operating at bank angle other than 5 degrees toward operative engine
 - Operating at sideslip angle other than ½-ball slip on the turn and bank indicator

Airplane Performance Conclusions

- Average descent rate of about 250 fpm would have resulted in airplane reaching Treasure Cay.
- Average descent rate of accident airplane below 2,000 feet was between 360 and 429 fpm.
- Maximum flight performance was not maintained because of operational factors.





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